



# Complete Streets: Finding Space for Freight

Alison Conway
Associate Professor of Civil Engineering, City College of New York
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### **Externalities on urban streets**

- Dangerous collisions
- Pollution
  - Air
  - Noise

- Traffic congestion
- Lane obstructions
- Infrastructure damage









### What are the elements of a livable city?











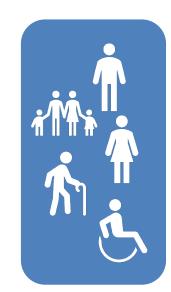




















\* If this tree is native and exists in a hospitable environment.



## Goods movement is critical to social and economic welfare













### **Outline**

 7 Common Challenges and Solution Approaches

Demand Management

Urban Freight and COVID











### Potential Areas of Guidebook Application

- Urban centers
- Suburban/exurban areas with warehousing/industrial development
- Suburban/small town main streets
- Industrial/commercial campuses









### 7 Common Challenges

- Selecting an appropriate design vehicle
- Vehicle navigation challenges
  - Providing adequate space for large vehicle turns
  - Reducing conflicts with vulnerable roadway users
  - Safely reducing speeds
  - Providing network connectivity and redundancy
- Curbside challenges
  - Providing adequate space for parking, loading, and emergency response operations
  - Providing curb and building access



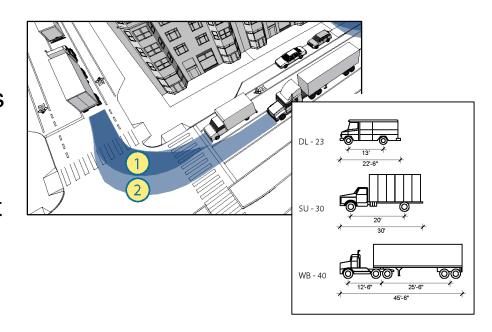






### Freight Design/ Control Vehicle Selection

- Current/expected freight traffic flows
- Freight trip generating land uses
- Street functional classes and network designations
- Applicable truck size and weight regulations
- Historic incident data involving freight vehicles











### Freight Industry Engagement

- Internal agency freight experts
- Agency advisory boards
- Local freight quality partnerships
- Freight industry associations
- Business improvement district/association of local business owners
- Local businesses, building managers, or carriers operating in a project area











### Large Vehicle Turns

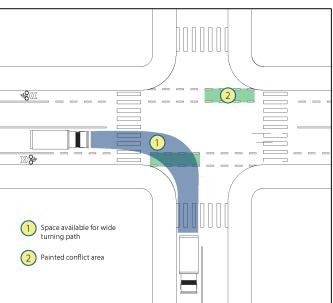


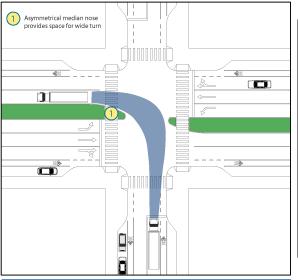


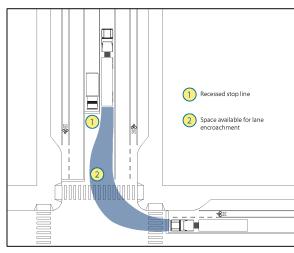




## **Design Solutions**











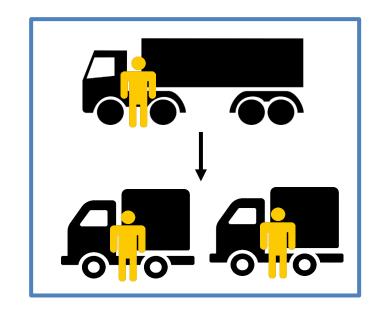






### Regulatory Solution: Vehicle Size Restrictions

- Fixed
- Time-based
- Safety benefits of size restrictions must be carefully weighed against related impacts
  - VMT and congestion
  - Operator costs and industry participation



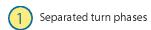


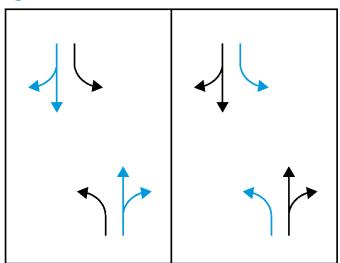




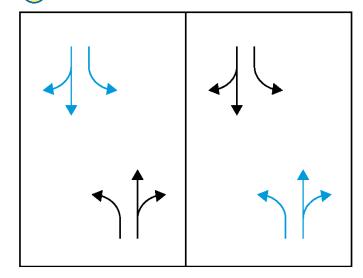


# Operational Solution: Dedicated Signal Phases

















# Conflicts with vulnerable road users









## Design Solutions: Bike Infrastructure, Clear Identification of Conflict Zones



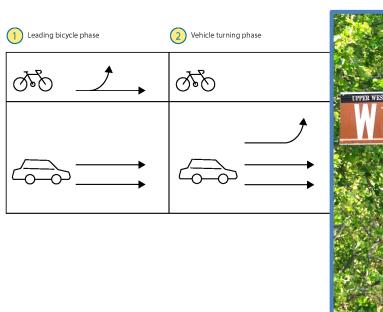








## Operational Solutions: Dedicated Signal Phases and Roadside Mirrors















### **Vehicle-Based Solutions**

- Mirrors
- Fresnel safety lenses
- Cameras
- Side guards
- Direct vision













### **Education**

- Drivers
- Non-motorized travelers
- General public











### Speed Reducers



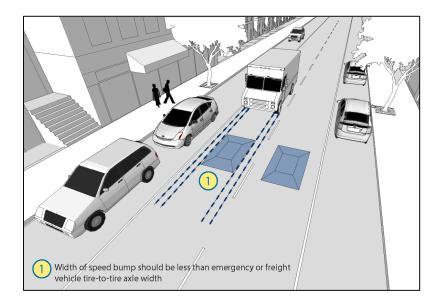


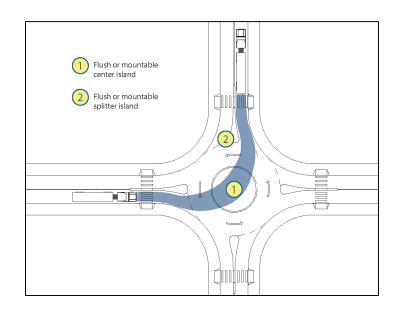






### **Design Solutions**













# Network connectivity/ redundancy

- Change in street direction
- Network gaps
- Difficult to navigate street infrastructure









### **Design Solutions**

- Short blocks/frequent intersections
- Reasonable alternative routes











# Space for parking, loading, and delivery





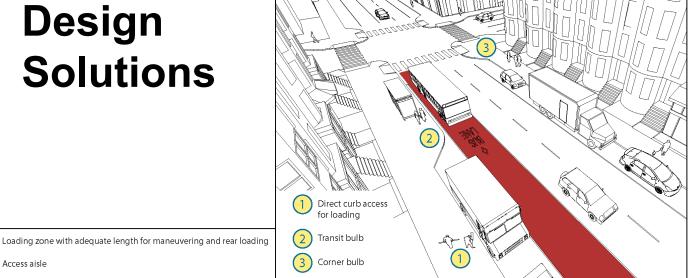




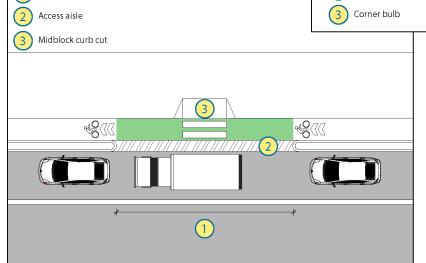




### Design **Solutions**







### **Regulatory Solutions**















### **Operational Solutions**

- Building Delivery Management
  - Centralized delivery location
  - Secure storage room
  - Lockers
  - Loading dock appointment system

- Enforcement
  - Commercial vehicles
  - Loading zone obstructions











# Curb and building access





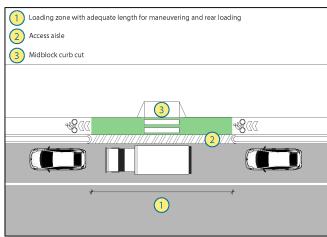








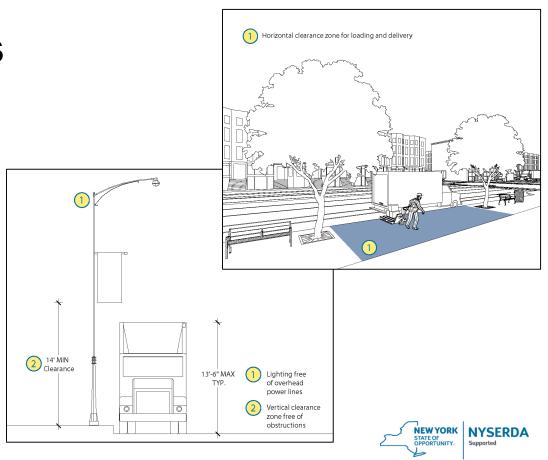
### **Design Solutions**







of New York



### Demand Management

- Change the volume, spatial, or temporal distribution of demands
- May require policy change, infrastructure investment, and/or behavior change by multiple stakeholders
- Will only be implemented if costs are acceptable to decision-makers









### **Off-Hour Deliveries**

Method	Benefits	Challenges/Concerns
Shift deliveries to non-peak hours <ul> <li>Early morning</li> <li>Late evening</li> <li>Overnight</li> </ul>	<ul><li>For operator:</li><li>Reduce travel time delays, fuel costs, and parking fines</li></ul>	<ul><li>For operator:</li><li>Increase driver labor costs</li><li>Increase safety risk</li></ul>
	<ul><li>For business:</li><li>Receive deliveries when few customers present</li></ul>	<ul><li>For business:</li><li>Additional staff costs for off- hour receipt</li></ul>
	<ul><li>For neighborhood:</li><li>Reduce congestion impacts</li><li>Reduce demand for shared curb space</li></ul>	<ul><li>For neighborhood</li><li>Generate delivery noise at night</li></ul>









### **Consolidation Center**

Method	Benefits	Challenges/Concerns
Transfer goods from large freight vehicles to small, green vehicles for final delivery  Consolidate goods from multiple carriers onto shared vehicles	<ul><li>For operator:</li><li>Avoid expensive last mile costs</li></ul>	<ul> <li>For operator:</li> <li>Increase costs for transloading</li> <li>Lose final delivery visibility</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>For business:</li><li>May provide value added services</li><li>May improve reliability</li></ul>	<ul><li>For business:</li><li>May have to pay premium for services</li></ul>
	<ul><li>For neighborhood:</li><li>Reduce large vehicle trips</li><li>Reduce demand for parking</li><li>Reduce emissions</li></ul>	<ul> <li>For neighborhood</li> <li>May increase local VMT</li> <li>May require public subsidy for start-up, operations</li> </ul>









### **Lockers and Pickup Points**

Method	Benefits	Challenges/Concerns
Lockers: Secure locker where package can be accessed via security code;	<ul><li>For operator:</li><li>Avoid expensive failed deliveries, repeat trips</li></ul>	<ul><li>For operator:</li><li>Difficult to identify host business</li></ul>
may be located in residential area, public space, or local business	<ul><li>For residents:</li><li>Provide secure location to leave package</li></ul>	<ul><li>For residents:</li><li>May be at risk during pickup</li></ul>
Pick-up Points: Staffed delivery points at local	For neighborhood: • Reduce delivery trips	For neighborhood:  • May need public space
businesses (e.g. pharmacy, grocery store)	For host business:  • Generate foot traffic	For host business:  • May use floor space

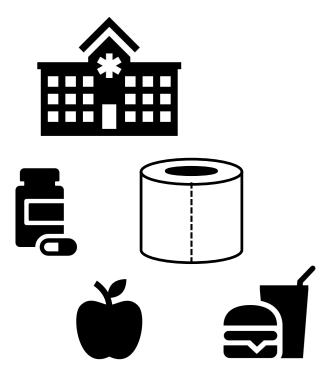








### **COVID** and Urban Goods Movement





- Delivery vs. in-store
  - Availability
  - Equity
  - Prioritization
- Commercial vs. residential supply chains
  - Restaurants
  - Offices
  - Schools
- Role of shared economy
- Role of density??



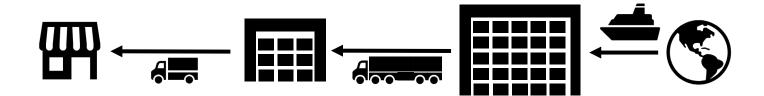






### **COVID** and Urban Goods Movement

- Supply chain resiliency
- Supply chain safety
  - Warehouses
  - Delivery Personnel











### **Acknowledgements**

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### **Thanks! Questions?**

### aconway@ccny.cuny.edu

#### Guidebook can be accessed from:

https://www.metrans.org/news/newmetrofreight-publication-a-guidebook-forconsidering-freight-in-complete-street-design-







